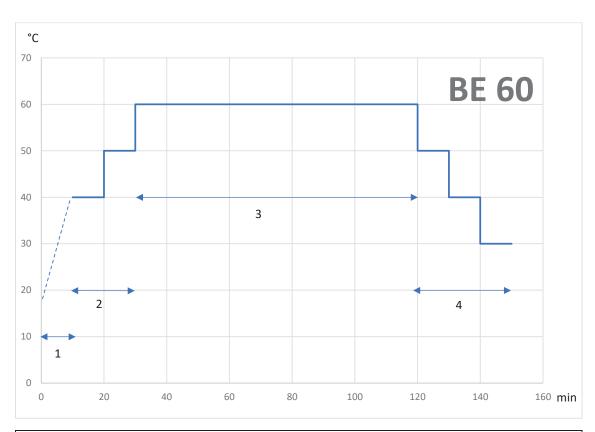


#### **CURING CURVE THROUGH STEAM**



Warming-curing-cooling process			
	Temperature	Time	Instructions
First phase	40°C		Slowly reach 40°C.
Second phase	40°C	10 min	Maintain the indicated temperature for 10 minutes.
	50°C	10 min	Maintain the indicated temperature for 10 minutes.
Third phase	60°C	90 min	Maintain the indicated temperature for 90 minutes.
Fourth phase	50°C	10 min	Decrease the temperature of 10°C and keeps it for 10 min.
(cooling)	40°C	10 min	Decrease the temperature of 10°C and keeps it for 10 min.
	30°C	10 min	Decrease the temperature of 10°C and keeps it for 10 min.



# **Technical data sheet**

Resin Hardener

RP 2100 DE Blu

IPE 60/25B

100	Mixing ratio by	
100	weight	

## **Applications**

Repairing of structural capacity of pipelines without extensive excavation, through the use of main liners.

### <u>Processing</u>

Manual or mechanical mixing of the two components, by avoiding any further friction that can lead to the warming of the mixture. Cast the system inside the liner and distribute it evenly through the calendaring process of rollers.

	Temperature	Time estimate
Curing time	ambient	16 – 18 hours
Curing time	60°C	85 – 95 minutes

#### **Product information**

Two components unfilled epoxy system, medium viscosity, highly reactive, suitable for small and medium-sized liners.

Products characteristics	Resin	Hardener
		·
Colour	Blue	Pale yellow
Viscosity at 25°C (mPas)	1.800 – 2.600	20 – 60
Density at 25°C (g/ml)	1,08 – 1,12	0,98 – 1,02
Mixing ratio by volume (ml)	100	28

### System typical characteristics

Pot life (100 ml, 40 mm, 25°C)	min	23 – 26
Exothermal peak (100 ml, 40 mm, 25°C)	Ŝ	210 – 230

TA = temperatura ambiente (23±2°C)

Fattori di conversione: 1 mPas = 1 cPs 1MN/m² = 10 kg/cm² = 1 MPa



RP 2100 DE Blu\_IPE 60/25B

#### **CURED SYSTEM TYPICAL PROPERTIES**

(24 h standard curing at room temperature + 15h 60 °C)

Final Colour			Blue
Hardness Shore		D/15	82 – 86
Glass transition		ô	80 - 84
Maximum Transition Glass (p.c. 2h 100°C)		°C	90 – 95
Elastic bending modulus	ASTM D 790	MN/m <sup>2</sup>	3.400 – 3.500
Bending Strength	ASTM D 790	MN/m <sup>2</sup>	120 – 125
Tear Strength	ASTM D 790	MN/m <sup>2</sup>	67 - 72
Elongation at break	ASTM D 790	%	3,5 – 4,0
Under compression Strength	ASTM D 790	MN/m <sup>2</sup>	100 - 105

#### Instructions for a proper use

Verify and, if necessary, homogenize components before use.

Mix the two components (resin and hardener) in the proper mixing ratio avoiding air trapping until obtaining a homogeneous mixture, and then apply.

### Post-curing

Post-curing is always suggested to stabilize the cured handwork to reach the best mechanical properties. Post-curing becomes necessary when the handwork works at elevated temperatures. Post-cure the handwork increasing temperature avoiding thermal gradients over 10°C/hour. The thermal gradient and post curing time refer to standard specimens. Users should find the best conditions depending on the component size and shape. For big size components decrease the thermal gradient and increase the post-curing time; in the case of thin layer applications and composites post cure on the jig.

#### Storage and handling precautions

Epoxy resins and hardeners can be stored over two years in the original sealed package in a cool and dry place. Hardeners are moisture sensitive.

Refer to the product health and safety data sheet.

First emission date: 12th October 2018

Information given in this publication is based on the present state of our technical knowledge. Buyers and users should make their own assessments of our products under their own applications conditions.

# **BE 60 EPOXY**

MIXING RATIO BY WEIGHT 100:25

READY MIX, Kg	PART A, Kg	PART B, Kg	
1	0,80	0,20	
2	1,60	0,40	
3	2,40	0,60	
4	3,20	0,80	
5	4,00	1,00	
6	4,80	1,20	
7	5,60	1,40	
8	6,40	1,60	
9	7,20	1,80	
10	8,00	2,00	
11	8,80	2,20	
12	9,60	2,40	
13	10,40	2,60	
14	11,20	2,80	
15	12,00	3,00	
16	12,80	3,20	
17	13,60	3,40	
18	14,40	3,60	
19	15,20	3,80	
20	16,00	4,00	

